AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

switching constraints; and

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

- (Currently Amended) A method of detecting switching subnodes in a monoblock wavelength division multiplex optical switching node, each subnode corresponding to a given level of granularity and to a given switching function, wherein the method comprises the following steps:
 - (a) collecting information concerning how traffic is crossing an initial monoblock switching node;

(b) defining the granularity and switching function of the subnodes to be detected

by successively detecting:
(b1) the fiber level optical switching subnode;
(b2) the band level optical switching network with a direct routing
function, without band translation;
(b3) the band level optical switching subnode with subband translation:
(b4) the wavelength level optical switching subnode with a direct routing
function, without wavelength translation; and
(b5) the wavelength level optical switching subnode with wavelength
translation;

(c) considering each subnode successively in an order corresponding to reducing

> (d) for each subnode, selecting all or part of the traffic of an incoming granularity and an outgoing granularity that satisfy the switching constraints of the subnode concerned.

(Original) The method claimed in claim 1 wherein said information collected in step
(a) is information contained in the initial switching matrix of the monoblock node whose subnodes are to be detected.

3. (Canceled)

- (Currently Amended) The method claimed in claim 13, wherein the method further comprises detecting:
 - (b8b6) the subnode corresponding to an insert/extract multiplexer with a direct routing function without wavelength translation; and
 - (89<u>b7</u>) the subnode corresponding to an insert/extract multiplexer with wavelength translation.
- 5. (Previously Presented) The method claimed in claim 1, wherein step (d) comprises the following substeps:
 - (d1) marking all of the traffic of the incoming granularity as coming from the subnode concerned and all the traffic of the outgoing granularity as going to the subnode concerned:

- (d2) marking the traffic that satisfies the switching constraints of the subnode concerned as belonging to that subnode; and
 - (d3) increasing the number of ports of the subnode concerned.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method claimed in claim 34 wherein steps (b2), (b4), (b6) and (b8) use a ricochet function for verifying the link with a conversion on any incoming granularity that may be switched in a routing subnode to prevent all internal traffic between subnodes having the same level of granularity.
- 7. (Previously Presented) The method claimed in claim 6, wherein the ricochet function for verifying the link with a conversion comprises the following looped steps:
 - (i) verifying that none of the wavelengths of the incoming granularity is linked with a translation;
 - (j) verifying that none of the wavelengths of the outgoing granularity or granularities corresponding to the incoming granularity is linked with a translation;
 - (k) marking the wavelengths verified to prevent looping; and
 - (I) for each outgoing granularity, applying the function for verifying the link with a conversion again to all of the wavelengths constituting the incoming granularity of the wavelengths constituting the outgoing granularity.
- (Previously Presented) A method of detecting switching subnodes in a monoblock wavelength division multiplex optical switching node, each subnode corresponding to a given

level of granularity and to a given switching function, wherein the method comprises the following steps:

- (a) collecting information concerning how traffic is crossing an initial monoblock switching node;
- (b) defining the granularity and switching function of the subnodes to be detected, wherein the step detects successively:
 - (b1) the fiber level optical switching subnode;
 - (b2) the band level optical switching network with a direct routing function without band translation;
 - (b3) the band level optical switching subnode with subband translation;
 - (b4) the subband level optical switching subnode with a direct routing function without subband translation:
 - (b5) the subband level optical switching subnode with subband translation;
 - (b6) the wavelength level optical switching subnode with a direct routing function without wavelength translation; and
 - (b7) the wavelength level optical switching subnode with wavelength translation:
- (c) considering each subnode successively in an order corresponding to reducing switching constraints; and
- (d) for each subnode, selecting all or part of the traffic of an incoming granularity and an outgoing granularity that satisfy the switching constraints of the subnode concerned.

9. (Previously Presented) The method claimed in claim 8 wherein said information collected in step (a) is information contained in the initial switching matrix of the monoblock node whose subnodes are to be detected.

10. (Previously Presented) The method claimed in claim 8, wherein the method further comprises detecting:

(b8) the subnode corresponding to an insert/extract multiplexer with a direct routing function without wavelength translation; and

(b9) the subnode corresponding to an insert/extract multiplexer with wavelength translation

11. (Previously Presented) The method claimed in claim 8, wherein step (d) comprises the following substeps:

(d1) marking all of the traffic of the incoming granularity as coming from the subnode concerned and all the traffic of the outgoing granularity as going to the subnode concerned:

(d2) marking the traffic that satisfies the switching constraints of the subnode concerned as belonging to that subnode; and

(d3) increasing the number of ports of the subnode concerned.

6

- 12. (Currently Amended) The method claimed in claim 810 wherein steps (b2), (b4), (b6) and (b8) use a ricochet function for verifying the link with a conversion on any incoming granularity that may be switched in a routing subnode to prevent all internal traffic between subnodes having the same level of granularity.
- 13. (Previously Presented) The method claimed in claim 12, wherein the ricochet function for verifying the link with a conversion comprises the following looped steps:
 - (i) verifying that none of the wavelengths of the incoming granularity is linked with a translation;
 - (j) verifying that none of the wavelengths of the outgoing granularity or granularities corresponding to the incoming granularity is linked with a translation;
 - (k) marking the wavelengths verified to prevent looping; and
 - (I) for each outgoing granularity, applying the function for verifying the link with a conversion again to all of the wavelengths constituting the incoming granularity of the wavelengths constituting the outgoing granularity.
 - 14. (Canceled)
- 15. (Previously Presented) The method claimed in claim 1, wherein said switching constraints are independent of capacity of a switching path.

16. (Previously Presented) The method claimed in claim 1, wherein said switching

constraints include a constraint that no internal traffic can be generated between subnodes that

have the same level of granularity.

17. (Currently Amended) The method claimed in claim 1 wherein said switching

constraints include the constraint that for a given subnode, the method cannot switch one portion

of thea multiplex with wavelength translation and another portion of the samesaid multiplex

without wavelength translation.

18. (Canceled)

19. (Canceled)

8